

Month	Fertiliser	Watering	Physical treatment, spraying	Mowing frequency (per month)	comments
January	Apply a quality slow release fertiliser, 15 grams per m2	Water as necessary to maintain a healthy growth. Morning is best	If there is evidence of lawn damage treat for grass grub or Porina	Depending on growth and fertilising weekly or as required. Remove clippings	Mow about 19mm for fine brown top fescue/fescue lawns, 30-35 mm for rye-grass lawns. Remove clippings
February		Good watering in the mornings, light in afternoon twice per week but if really dry as required		Weekly and remove clippings	
March		Good watering in the mornings, light in afternoon twice per week but if really dry as required	De-thatch or scarify excessive organic matter from your lawn, top dress and over-sow	Weekly and remove clippings	This is a busy period, treat for grass grub and other insect pest with lawn-guard or soil insect killer. Renovate your lawn now before the cold weather slows growth
April	Apply a quality slow release fertiliser, 15 grams per m2	Water as required for healthy growth	Treat for grass grub or Porina to protect lawn from winter damage	Weekly and remove clippings	Fertilising with a quality slow release fertiliser before winter your lawn should keep healthy and strong during the cold months and will be more resistant to disease and pest
May		Water as required for healthy growth		As required	Put your feet up, take a break from your lawn, enjoy your hard work.
June		Water as required for healthy growth			Put your feet up, take a break from your lawn, enjoy your hard work
July					Put your feet up, take a break from your lawn, enjoy your hard work
August					Put your feet up, take a break from your lawn, and enjoy your hard work. But start to ready for the warmer weather.
September	Apply a quality slow release fertiliser, 15 grams per m2	If you have irrigation, test it to make sure cold weather has not broken any thing	De-thatch or scarify excessive organic matter from your lawn, top dress and over-sow	Mow weekly, remove clippings	Make sure you over sow with same or similar seed to existing lawn. The wrong choice can cause uneven texture and colours.
October		Water as required for healthy growth	We suggest you apply a wetting agent Types of Wetting Agents There are four main types of wetting agents: anionic, cationic, amphoteric, and non-ionic.	Mow weekly, remove clippings	Applying a wetting agent can ensure good water penetration into dry soils and reduce your watering while improving turf quality.
November	Apply a quality slow release fertiliser, 15 grams per m2	Good watering in the mornings, light in afternoon twice per week but if really dry as required		Mow weekly, remove clippings	
December		Good heavy watering in the mornings, light in afternoon twice per week but if really dry, as required		Mow weekly, remove clippings	Enjoy a great Christmas if going away make sure you arrange for lawn to be mowed weekly and clippings removed